

RIGHT-TO-WORK

SEPARATING THE MYTHS FROM THE FACTS ON VIRGINIA'S RIGHT-TO-WORK LAW



MYTH 1.

Right-to-work laws prohibit union activity

- Right-to-work does NOT prohibit unions from organizing; they simply protect workers by making union dues and non-participation fees optional.
- Virginia's right-to-work statute (§ 40.1-58) states: "It is hereby declared to be the public policy of Virginia that the right of persons to work shall not be denied or abridged on account of membership or non-membership in any labor union or labor organization."

MYTH 2.

Workers aren't protected in right-to-work states.

- The National Labor Relations Act and other federal statutes protect the rights of workers and their ability to unionize regardless of a state's right-to-work status.
- The Taft-Hartley Act allows states to protect workers' choice by allowing states to make union participation optional without having to pay a fee for non-membership.

MYTH 3.

Virginia is the "Worst State for Workers."

- Oxfam's ranking looks at only three areas that fail to comprehensively measure states' quality for people to work and live. They curiously include the "Dillon Rule" as a policy that makes a state worse for workers.
- Virginia is actually one of the BEST states in which to work and raise a family - #1 in quality of life, #1 in education, #7 in median household income, 7th lowest unemployment rate, and 14th lowest poverty rate.

MYTH 4.

Right-to-work states' economies underperform.

- According to NERA Economic Consulting, right-to-work laws have a positive impact on economic growth, employment, investment and innovation.
- Right-to-work states do better than non-right-to-work states in terms of personal income growth (39% compared to 26%) and employment growth (27% compared to 15%) when viewed overtime from 2001-2016.

MYTH BUSTING: CORRECTING MISCONCEPTIONS ABOUT VIRGINIA'S RIGHT-TO-WORK LAWS



MYTH 1.

Right-to-work laws prohibits union activity.

- Right-to-work laws still allow unions to organize, they simply protect workers that do not want to participate by making union dues or fees optional instead of compulsory.
- Virginia's right-to-work statute (§ 40.1-58) specifically says "It is hereby declared to be the public policy of Virginia that the right of persons to work shall not be denied or abridged on account of membership or non-membership in any labor union or labor organization."

MYTH 2.

Workers aren't protected in right-to-work states.

- The National Labor Relations Act and other federal statutes protect the rights of workers and their ability to unionize regardless of a state's right-to-work status.
- The Taft-Hartley Act allows states to protect workers' choice by allowing states to make union participation optional without having to pay a fee for non-membership.

MYTH 3.

Virginia is the "Worst State for Workers."

- Right-to-work laws still allow unions to organize, they simply protect workers that do not want to participate by making union dues or fees optional instead of compulsory.
- By more comprehensive and credible measures, Virginia is actually one of the BEST states in which to work and raise a family - #1 in quality of life, #1 in education, #9 in median household income, 7th lowest unemployment rate, and 14th lowest poverty rate.

MYTH 4.

Right-to-work states underperform economically.

- According to NERA Economic Consulting, right-to-work laws have a positive impact on economic growth, employment, investment and innovation, both directly and indirectly.
- In fact, right-to-work states do better than non-right-to-work states in terms of personal income growth (39% compared to 26%) and employment growth (27% compared to 15%) when viewed overtime from 2001-2016.